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Before start checklist Materials	Consumables	Equipment	
1 μg (or 50-100 fmol) high molecular weight genomic DNA for every sample to be barcoded	Agencourt AMPure XP beads	Hula mixer (gentle rotator mixer)	
Native Barcoding Expansion 1-12 (EXP-NBD103)	☐ NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix (M6630)	Magnetic separator, sultable for 1.5 ml Eppendorf tubes	
Ligation Sequencing Kit (SQK-LSK109)	☐ NEBNext End repair / dA-tailing Module (E7546)	☐ Microfuge	
Flow Cell Priming Kit (EXP-FLP001)	☐ NEB Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix (M0367)	☐ Vortex mixer	
	☐ NEBNext Quick Ligation Module (E6056)	☐ Thermal cycler	
	1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tubes	☐ Ice bucket with ice	
	0.2 ml thin-walled PCR tubes	☐ Timer	
	Nuclease-free water (e.g. ThermoFisher, cat # AM9937)	Pipettes and pipette tips P2, P10, P20, P100, P200, P1000	
	Freshly prepared 70% ethanol in nuclease- free water		
	rice water		
		NOTES/OBSERVATIONS	
MPORTANT  Criteria for input DNA  Purity as measured using Nanodrop - OD 26	A.  50/280 of 1.8 and OD 260/230 of 2.0-2.2 e-field, or low percentage agarose gel analysis >30 kb	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS  USED ETMO PER INATE REMOVEL KIT  A3= 80.4 ng/ml G4=100 ng/ml	



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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Check your flow cell	
Set up the MinION, flow cell and host computer	
Once successfully plugged in, you will see a light and hear the fan.	
Open the MinKNOW GUI from the desktop icon and establish a local or remote connection.  If running a MinION on the same host computer, plug the MinION into the computer.  If running a MinION on a remote computer, first enter the name or IP address of the remote host under Connect to a remote computer (if running from the Connection page), or Connections (if running from the homepage) and click Connect.  Choose the flow cell type from the selector box. Then mark the flow cell as "Selected":	
Click "Check flow cells" at the bottom of the screen.  R9.4.1 FLO-MIN106  R9.5.1 FLO-MIN107	
Click "Start test".	
Check the number of active pores available for the experiment, reported in the System History panel when the check is complete.	
Flow cell check complete.	
DNA fragmentation (optional, for lower inputs)	
OPTIONAL Covaris g-TUBE	
Transfer the genomic DNA sample in 49 μl to the Covaris g-TUBE.	
Spin the g-TUBE for 1 minute at RT at the speed for the fragment size required.  Spin the g-TUBE for 1 minute  Remove and check all the DNA has passed through the g-TUBE  If DNA remains in the upper chamber, spin again for 1 minute at the same speed	
Invert the g-TUBE and spin again for 1 minute to collect the fragmented DNA.  Remove g-TUBE, invert the tube and replace into the centrifuge  Spin the g-TUBE for 1 minute  Remove and check the DNA has passed into the lower chamber  If DNA remains in the upper chamber, spin again for 1 minute  Remove g-TUBE	
☐ Transfer the 49 µl fragmented DNA to a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Analyse 1 µl of the fragmented DNA for fragment size, quantity and quality.	
48 μl of fragmented DNA is taken into the next step.	

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### 1D Native barcoding genomic DNA (with EXP-NBD103 and SQK-LSK109)

low Cell Number:	DNA Samples:

INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
DNA repair and end-prep	
Prepare the NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix and NEBNext End repair / dA-tailing Module reagents in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice.	
In a 0.2 ml thin-walled PCR tube, mix the following:  48 µl DNA  3.5 µl NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Buffer  2 µl NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix  3.5 µl Ultra II End-prep reaction buffer  3 µl Ultra II End-prep enzyme mix	
Mix gently by flicking the tube, and spin down.	
Using a thermal cycler, incubate at 20° C for 5 minutes and 65° C for 5 mins.	
IMPORTANT  AMPure XP bead clean-up	
Prepare the AMPure XP beads for use; resuspend by vortexing.	
☐ Transfer the DNA sample to a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Add 60 µl of resuspended AMPure XP beads to the end-prep reaction and mix by pipetting.	
☐ Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at RT.	
☐ Prepare 500 µl of fresh 70% ethanol in Nuclease-free water.	
☐ Spin down the sample and pellet on a magnet. Keep the tube on the magnet, and pipette off the supernatant.	
Remove the 70% ethanol using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking.	·
Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend pellet in 25 μl Nuclease-free water. Incubate for 2 minutes at RT.	
Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless.	
Remove and retain 25 µl of eluate into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	A3=36m/u1=900ns G4=61ng/u1=1,525ng
Quantify 1 µl of end-prepped DNA using a Qubit fluorometer - recovery aim > 700 ng.	64=61 MJ/41 = 1,525mg
Take forward the repaired and end-prepped DNA into the native barcode ligation step.	



Flow Cell Number:	DNA Samples:

INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Native barcode ligation	
Thaw the Native Barcodes at RT, enough for one barcode per sample. Mix the barcodes by pipetting, and place them on ice.	13=36as/ul->17as +5 G4=6(ag/ul->/0as+1)
Select a unique barcode for every sample to be run together on the same flow cell, from the provided 12 barcodes. Up to 12 samples can be barcoded and combined in one experiment.	64:61 ng/ml ->/0ng +11
Dilute 500 ng of each end-prepped sample to be barcoded to 22.5 µl in Nuclease-free water.	
Add the reagents in the order given below, mixing by flicking the tube between each sequential addition:  22.5 µl 500 ng end-prepped DNA  2.5 µl Native Barcode  25 µl Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix	
☐ Mix gently by flicking the tube, and spin down.	
☐ Incubate the reaction for 10 minutes at RT.	
Prepare the AMPure XP beads for use; resuspend by vortexing.	
Add 50 μl of resuspended AMPure XP beads to the reaction and mix by pipetting.	
Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at RT.	
Prepare 500 µl of fresh 70% ethanol in Nuclease-free water.	
Spin down the sample and pellet on a magnet. Keep the tube on the magnet, and pipette off the supernatant.	
Keep on magnet, wash beads with 200 μl of freshly prepared 70% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the 70% ethanol using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking.	
Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend pellet in 26 μl Nuclease-free water. Incubate for 2 minutes at RT.	
Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless.	
Remove and retain 26 µl of eluate into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.  Remove and retain the eluate which contains the DNA library in a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube  Dispose of the pelleted beads	
Quantify 1 µl of eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.	
Pool equimolar amounts of each barcoded sample into a DNA LoBind 1.5 ml Eppendorf tube, ensuring that sufficient sample is combined to produce a pooled sample of 700 ng total.	

A3: 14.8 ng/m1 = 370 G4: 14.8 ng/m1 = 370 USE ALL -> Page 4/9

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DNA Samples	
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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
☐ Quantify 1 μl of pooled and barcoded DNA using a Qubit fluorometer.	370
☐ Dilute 700 ng pooled sample to 50 μl in Nuclease-free water.	2 740 ng
Adapter ligation and clean-up	
IMPORTANT	***************************************
Depending on the wash buffer used in this section, the clean-up step after adapter ligation is designed to either enrich for long DNA fragments, or purify all fragments equally.	
☐ Thaw one tube of Barcode Adapter Mix (BAM 1D) at RT, spin down, mix by pipetting and place on ice.	
Thaw Elution Buffer (EB) and NEBNext Quick Ligation Reaction Buffer (5x) at RT, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice. Check the contents or each tube are clear of any precipitate.	
Spin down the T4 Ligase, and place on ice.	
☐ To enrich for DNA fragments of 3 kb or longer, thaw one tube of L Fragment Buffer (LFB) at RT, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice.	
☐ To retain DNA fragments shorter than 3 kb, thaw one tube of S Fragment Buffer (SFB) at RT, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice.	
Taking the pooled and barcoded DNA, perform adapter ligation as follows, mixing by flicking the tube between each sequential addition.  50 µl 700 ng pooled barcoded sample 20 µl Barcode Adapter Mix (BAM 1D) 20 µl NEBNext Quick Ligation Reaction Buffer (5X) 10 µl Quick T4 DNA Ligase	
☐ Mix gently by flicking the tube, and spin down. ☐ Incubate the reaction for 10 minutes at RT.	
Prepare the AMPure XP beads for use; resuspend by vortexing.	
Add 40 μl of resuspended AMPure XP beads to the adapter ligation reaction from the previous step and mix by pipetting.	
☐ Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at RT.	
Place on magnetic rack, allow beads to pellet and pipette off supernatant.	
Wash the beads by adding either 250 μl L Fragment Buffer (LFB) or 250 μl S Fragment Buffer (SFB). Flick the beads to resuspend, then return the tube to the magnetic rack and allow the beads to pellet. Remove the supernatant using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual supernatant. Allow to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking.	



Flow Cell Number:	DNA Samples:
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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend pellet in 15 μl Elution Buffer (EB). Incubate for 10 minutes at RT.	
Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless.	
Remove and retain 15 µl of eluate into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.  ☐ Remove and retain the eluate which contains the DNA library in a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube ☐ Dispose of the pelleted beads	
☐ Quantify 1 μl of adapter ligated DNA using a Qubit fluorometer - recovery aim ~430 ng.	38.8 mg/m(415 = 543 mg
The prepared library is used for loading into the MinION flow cell. Store the library on ice until ready to load.	
Priming and loading the SpotON flow cell	
IMPORTANT  Please note that the Sequencing Tether (SQT) tube will NOT be used in this protocol. It is provided in the kit for potential future product compatibility.	
Thaw the Sequencing Buffer (SQB), Loading Beads (LB), Flush Tether (FLT) and one tube of Flush Buffer (FLB) at RT before placing the tubes on ice as soon as thawing is complete.	
Mix the Sequencing Buffer (SQB) and Flush Buffer (FLB) tubes by vortexing, spin down and return to ice.	
Spin down the Flush Tether (FLT) tube, mix by pipetting, and return to ice.	
Open the lid of the nanopore sequencing device and slide the flow cell's priming port cover clockwise so that the priming port is visible.	
IMPORTANT	
☐ Care must be taken when drawing back buffer from the flow cell. The array of pores must be covered by buffer at all times. Removing more than 20-30 µl risks damaging the pores in the array.	
After opening the priming port, check for small bubble under the cover. Draw back a small volume to remove any bubble (a few µls):	
Set a P1000 pipette to 200 μl	
<ul> <li>Insert the tip into the priming port</li> <li>Turn the wheel until the dial shows 220-230 μl, or until you can see a small volume of buffer entering the pipette tip</li> </ul>	
Prepare the flow cell priming mix: add 30 µl of thawed and mixed Flush Tether (FLT) directly to the tube of thawed and mixed Flush Buffer (FLB), and mix by pipetting up and down.	
Load 800 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell via the priming port, avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. Wait for 5 minutes.	
Thoroughly mix the contents of the LB tube by pipetting.	
IMPORTANT CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF	
☐ The Loading Beads (LB) tube contains a suspension of beads. These beads settle very quickly. It is vital that they are mixed immediately before use.	

Flow Cell Number: ....

DNA Samples:	

INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
In a new tube, prepare the library for loading as follows:	
☐ 37.5 µl Sequencing Buffer (SQB) ☐ 25.5 µl Loading Beads (LB), mixed immediately before use	
LJ 12 µl DNA library  Complete the flow cell priming:	
Gently lift the SpotON sample port cover to make the SpotON sample port accessible.	
Load 200 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell via the priming port (not the SpotON sample port), avoiding the introduction of air bubbles.	
Mix the prepared library gently by pipetting up and down just prior to loading.	
Add 50 µl of sample to the flow cell via the SpotON sample port in a dropwise fashion. Ensure each drop flows into the port before adding the next.	
Gently replace the SpotON sample port cover, making sure the bung enters the SpotON port, close the priming port and replace the MinION lid.	
Starting a sequencing run	
Double-click the MinKNOW icon located on the desktop to open the MinKNOW GUI.	
If your MinION was disconnected from the computer, plug it back in.	
☐ Choose the flow cell type from the selector box. Then mark the flow cell as "Selected".	
Click the "New Experiment" button at the bottom left of the GUI.	
On the New experiment popup screen, select the running parameters for your experiment from the individual tabs.	
Output settings - FASTQ: The number of basecalls that MinKNOW will write in a single file. By default this is set to 4000	
Output settings - FAST5: The number of files that MinKNOW will write to a single folder. By default this is set to 4000	
Click "Begin Experiment".	
Allow the script to run to completion.  The MinKNOW Experiment page will indicate the progression of the script; this can be accessed through the "Experiment" tab that will appear at the top right of the screen	
Monitor messages in the Message panel in the MinKNOW GUI	
The basecalled read files are stored in :\data\reads	
Progression of MinKNOW protocol script	
The running experiment screen	
Experiment summary information	



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Flow Cell Number: DNA Samples:

INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Check the number of active pores reported in the MUX scan are similar (within 10-15%) to those reported at the end of the Flow Cell Check	
If there is a significant reduction in the numbers, restart MinKNOW.	
If the numbers are still significantly different, close down the host computer and reboot.	
When the numbers are similar to those reported at the end of the Flow Cell Check, restart the experiment on the Connection page. There is no need to load any additional library after restart.	
☐ Stopping the experiment is achieved by clicking "Stop experiment" button at the top of the screen.	
☐ Check the temperature is approximately 34° C.	
Check pore occupancy in the channel panel at the top of the experimental view.	
A good library will be indicated by a higher proportion of light green channels in Sequencing than are in Pore. The combination of Sequencing and Pore indicates the number of active pores at any point in time. A low proportion of Sequencing channels will reduce the throughput of the run.	
<ul> <li>Recovering indicates channels that may become available for sequencing again. A high proportion of this may indicate additional clean up steps are required during your library preparation.</li> </ul>	
Inactive indicates channels that are no longer available for sequencing. A high proportion of these as soon as the run begins may indicate an osmotic imbalance.	
Unclassified are channels that have not yet been assigned one of the above classifications	
☐ Monitor the pore occupancy	
Duty time plots	
Monitor the development of the read length histogram.	
Trace viewer	
Onward analysis of MinKNOW basecalled data	
Open the Desktop Agent using the desktop shortcut.	
Click on the New Workflow tab in the Desktop Agent and select the FASTQ barcoding workflow.	
Select the workflow parameters.	
Select the quality score cut-off (this defaults to 7 unless changed)	
Select "Yes" in answer to "Detect barcode?"	
If you are working with human data, please tick "Yes" in answer to "Is the data you are about to upload a whole or partial human genome?", and confirm that you have consent from the subject to upload the data.	
Check the correct settings are selected in the Desktop Agent.	
Click "Start Run" to start data analysis.	
☐ Follow the progression of upload and download of read files in the Desktop Agent.	

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Quit Desktop Agent using the close x.

☐ Disconnect the MinION.

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Nanopore.

Quit MinKNOW by closing down the web GUI.

Prepare the flow cell for re-use or return to Oxford Nanopore.

If you would like to reuse the flow cell, follow the Wash Kit instructions and store the washed flow cell at 2-

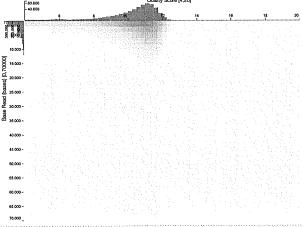
Follow the returns procedure by washing out the MinION Flow Cell ready to send back to Oxford

Flow Cell Number:	DNA Samples:		
INSTRUCTIONS		NOTES/OBSERVATIONS	
Click on VIEW REPORT.  Click on VIEW REPORT to navigate to the Metrichor website, this can be cexchange  Return to the Desktop Agent to see progression of the exchange	done at any point during data		
Close down MinKNOW and the Desktop Agent			
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FINISHED CALLING sequencing Constitution 100 QUEUED: 0% CALLED: 100% BASES: 2.12 GB Flow cell ID FANSTIS Flow cell product code RO MINIS → Messages Experiment complete 4 Finished Sequencing MODEL THESE AS Burniffer Bacot ( - & advancing to group 1 Mileses When ay **Duty Time** 0 advancing to group \$ MERCH Strongers Eucker tize (mas/se) 6 advancing to group 2 A Pay 89 Auto sodle Bucket size 0 advancing to group 1 Display converses proportionally State Time Equivalent (%) 0 advancing to group \$ MAZZESA - 1 Septem Formula 10 advencing to group 2 0 Ministra Commo 30 WANTED TO NAME Reached target temperature schiebble transcor waiting for temperature to be within acceptable bounds 9 Sequencing 💮 🖸 Pore 💮 🖾 Recovering 💮 🔯 Inactive 🌑 🖸 Unclassified March 1 de la lacona 1657 Experimental Parameters Complete 1912/281 Administra Cumulative Throughput G Setting Experimental Parameters Tirroughput of nan over time 40/25:051 7 Avvi 101 🏶 Yote Peads calibration finished successfully 600 K @ Colod Passed Feach MARKET 1 3 500 500 Called Fished Fisheds **©** D≅nd Skpycel Beach n Starting Calibration MOUSEST Transport Experimental Parameters Complete Û 300 ( 0 Finished Mux Scan 2001 ពេក Group 4 has 147 active charmels Talice Beau Market Tork of 3h 20meh 40m 16h 13h 20meh 40m 20h 23h 20m 2h 40m d 6h d 9h 20m 2h 40m 16h 16h 19h 20m 2h 40m 2h Group 2 has 433 active charmels Read Length Histogram COMPARE TO A4+62 RUNS DNA SIZE DIST. SMALLER 24MO KM ? Group 1 has 491 active channels MARKET 2 Says von a total of 1400 wells have been selected and split into the lotion groups Middel Crick Processing Must 4 3000004 2 algreg advancing to group 4 MARKET CONTRA Processmo Mux 8 MELECCIA CONSTRUCTO 62 KB 32.4 KB 48.6 KB 64.6 KB 61 KB Estimated Read Length in Bases advancing to group 3 113.4 KB 129.6 KB Processing Mux 2 Bucket Waith (B) 1620(B) \$ advancing to group 2 Basecall Heatmap of read looght sa basicall quality score Processing Mux f Starting Mux Scan Reached largel temperature MAZEREE PARSON



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Experimental Parameters Complete interest in texases

Setting Experimental Parameters

Setting Experimental Parameters

coloration finished successfully

Experimental Parameters Complete

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Starting Calibration

Finished Platform QC

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